

HACS

It's your turn to make a presentation. Believe in your own likeability, and then go easy on yourself. It's been said that performing is just the art of keeping a large group of people from coughing.

Minneapolis Star Tribune, May 26, 2007



Was that Thinking?

Issues understanding development time with non-intrusive data collection

Christine A. Halverson IBM Research Social Computing Group





Overview

Understanding Programmer Productivity

 A look at intrusive and non-intrusive data collection examples

Why it matters

A call for engagement

Programmer Productivity

Not easy to measure or quantify

Affected by different factors

- Size of programs
- Complexity of programs
 - Cognitive, mathematical, systemic
- Communication between programmers
- Time constraints
- Social factors

Some more amenable to study



Approaches

Manual data gathering

- Programmer reflection and self report
 - Diaries, journals, notes
- Researcher motivated reports
 - Surveys, interviews relying on post programming memories
- Objective Observations

Automated data gathering

- Instrument applications and machine behaviors.
- Hybrid methodologies



Examples

Combine observations with automated data gathering

Study at Pittsburgh Supercomputing Center 2005

- SUMS, observation

Pilot study 2007

- Hackystat, observation, Camtasia

Sample Automated Data

- The data we get is somewhat scarce
- Easy to collect (once code is written)

UPC Use	r Date/time	Where	captured command
U6	2005-05-25 09:46:40	shell	command: a.out
U6	2005-05-25 09:46:49	shell	command: vim
U6	2005-05-25 09:47:14	shell	command: vim



9:45a LK SCR, PG U/D, WR SP, LK HO (Global alignment)

9:46a LK SCR, HNK, HOK, CL 1, LS [quitting the editor took him back to a shell prompt], RUN, ED (Output.txt), HNK

9:47a GL SP, HOK, O (Edmiston_final.c), PG U/D, CUR D, Left hand on mouth, POINT (MIN statement) Looks at the screen, pages up then down, writes on the scratch pad, looks at the handout (from learning UPC) on Global alignment



Subj: U6

Looks at the screen, pages up then down, writes on the scratch pad, looks at the handout (from learning UPC) on Global allignment

State*1: ED 9:45a LK SCR, PG U/D, WR SP, LK HO (Global alignment)

Date: 5/25 Coder: JW

9:46a LK SCR, HNK, HOK, CL 1, LS [quitting the editor took him back to a shell prompt, prompt], RUN, ED (Output.txt), HNK keyboard, closes windo to keyboard, closes windo 1, back to shell prompt, types ls, runs the code, opens editor with

9:47a GL SP, HOK, O (Edmiston_final.c), keyboard PG U/D, CUR D, Left hand on mouth, POINT (MIN statement)

Looks at screen, hands not on keyboard, hands on keyboard, closes window 1, back to shell prompt, types ls, runs the code, opens editor with output.txt, takes hands off keyboard

Glances at the scratch pad, hands on keyboard, Opens Edmiston_final.c file, pages up and down, moves the cursor down in the file, moves left hand to mouth, points to MIN statement on screen



Map Automated to Observed data

9:45a LK SCR, PG U/D, WR SP, LK HO (Global alignment)

9:46a LK SCR, HNK, HOK, CL 1, LS [quitting the editor took him back to a shell prompt], RUN, ED (Output.txt), HNK

09:46:40	shell	command: a.out
09:46:49	shell	command: vim
09:47:14	shell	command: vim

9:47a GL SP, HOK, O (Edmiston_final.c); PG U/D, CUR D, Left hand on mouth, POINT (MIN statement)



Two separate inferences

- Trying to work out a problem – possibly around global alignment.
- Looks through code, making notes, probably thinking
- Running code (possibly to just observe behavior) before opens file, searches for the right place, then ponders the screen, pointing at a MIN statement
- Thinking Running code

- Running code, looking at output
- Opening file (to edit)

Running code Writing code



Different Quantifications

9:46a LK SCR, HNK, HOK, CL 1, LS [quitting the editor took him back to a shell prompt], RUN, ED (Output.txt), HNK

9:47a GL SP, HOK, O (Edmiston_final.c), PG U/D, CUR D, Left hand on mouth, POINT (MIN statement)

Run, open and view output 46:30?				
Glance at scratch pad 47:00				
Opens program file	47:15?			
Moves around in file				
ponders file	47:30?			

09:46:40	shell	command: a.out
09:46:49	shell	command: vim
09:47:14	shell	command: vim

Run, produces output file at	t 46:40
Opens output file	46:49
Open program file	47.14



47:00

Differences Matter

- 09:46:40 runs code
- 09:46:49 starts editor
- 09:47:14 starts editor

- 9 sec running code
- Opens editor
- 25 seconds later starts 2nd editor

Is subject editing? Writing code? Looking at code? Looking at output? Was that Thinking?

- 1. Run, open and view output 46:30?
- 2. Glance at scratch pad
- 3. Opens program file 47:15?
- 4. Moves around in file
- 5. ponders file 47:30?
 - 10 sec running code
 - 20 sec looking at output
 - 15 sec looking at notes
 - Open program file
 - 15 sec moves around
 - 30 sec Ponders file

Looking at code, not editing. Looks like thinking through the problem – looking at output 20 looking at notes 15 ponders file 30 1m 5s



Another example

 Open file

 Edit Eclipse C:/DWR/ntkr/chrome/notetaker/libjs/eventutils.js

 05/22/2007-09:46:30 {unit-type=file, subtype=Open, unit______

 Edit file

 name=eventutils.js}

Edit Eclipse C:/DWR/ntkr/chrome/notetaker/libjs/eventutils.js 05/22/2007-09:46:34 {modified=true, to-buffname=C:/DWR/ntkr/chrome/notetaker/libjs/eventutils.js, from-buffname=C:/DWR/ntkr/chrome/notetaker/tablelist.xml, subtype=BufferTransition}

Edit Eclipse C:/DWR/ntkr/chrome/notetaker/libjs/eventutils.js 05/22/2007-09:46:43 {}

Edit Eclipse C:/www/xampp/htdocs/libjs/eventutils.js 05/22/2007-09:47:32 {unit-type=file, subtype=Open, unit-name=eventutils.js} Save file

Open file

9:46 30-9:46:43 Editing

9:46:43-9:47:32 Running code.



Why it matters

- Development time and phase varies
- Still missing much of the complexity and human interaction that is involved
 - Does a gap indicate: thinking, getting help, going to lunch? Or all 3?
- How do you know if a tool intervention really made the difference?
- How do you quantify the difference that it made?



A Call to arms

- How can we make unobtrusive, automatic data collection more detailed?
- Can we integrate screen capture/attached cameras to pick up when nothing is happening to engage the automated data collection?
- Can we build studies that combine automated and observational data and determine patterns of behavior to better make inferences?



Comments? Questions? Ideas?





This material is based upon work supported by the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency under its Agreement No. HR0011-07-9-0002.